

ONLY A MONTH TO EASTER  
THE WISE ADVERTISER WILL  
NOT DELAY, BUT WILL PRESS  
HIS CLAIMS FOR A LARGER  
SHARE OF THE SPRING TRADE.  
THE GAZETTE CAN HELP YOU  
OBTAIN THIS.

# The Janesville Daily Gazette.

HOW ABOUT SPRING TRADE?  
THE SOONER YOU REACH FOR  
IT THE BIGGER SHARE YOU WILL  
GET. BARGAIN SEEKERS WATCH  
THE COLUMNS OF THE GAZETTE.  
IS YOUR ADVERTISEMENT  
THERE?

VOLUME 34

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1891.

NUMBER 296

## J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

### A TEMPORARY TRANSPORTATION

Into the beauties of Spring; that is we usually think of the first season as bringing good cheer and renewed life; but of late years it has quite often been well into May or June before we have been blessed with weather savoring much of spring time. But all the delights of an old-fashioned spring season can be quite vividly brought to mind by entering our store and seeing the many many attractions we have received in

## NEW : SPRING : GOODS !

We back all of our statements with large quantities of the very latest spring novelties in Dress Goods; Fancy Silks, Fine Trimmings, enlivening styles in Zephyr Gingham, new White Goods, such as Muslins, Nainsocks, India Linens, Organdies, fancy Black Muslins, Embroideries, exquisite effects in Flouncings, both black and colored; fancy Curtain Muslins, and a stock of Curtains by the pair and yard that is simply immense and how complete! New comers frequently remark: This reminds me of Chicago stores. We hope to see you this Spring.

## A GENUINE CLOSING OUT SALE !

The first day of April I shall remove to Minneapolis to assume the management of Browning, King & Co's. branch store. Previous to that date I have \$25,000 worth of CLOTHING and Gents' Furnishing Goods to close out. On Monday, Feb. 9th, I will commence to sell this stock of goods at cost. This is the best opportunity that the people of Janesville and Rock county have ever had to buy Clothing at a bargain. The stock is too extensive to list, but it includes everything in the store, nothing reserved.

**T. J. ZEICLER.**

Smiths Block, Janesville, Wis.

## GRISWOLD & SANBORN,

MAIN ST., JANESVILLE, WIS.

Acknowledge with thanks for favors shown them in the past, and as an extra inducement to continue same, WILL PRESENT TO EVERY CASH PURCHASER

of goods at our store in any amount from 5 cents up amounting in the aggregate to \$25, one copy of 1890 edition of RAND McNALLY'S STANDARD ATLAS of the WORLD, containing 196 pages, elegantly illustrated and nicely bound—a library in itself. Call and see sample and get a ticket. Besides a full line of

## Hardware & Furnishing Goods.

are sole agents for Red Cross stoves and ranges (none better) Marquart steel range, Royal Hot Air Furnaces, Anthony Wayne Washers, Clausen shears and scissors (everyone warranted). All goods at bottom prices.

## THE BEE HIVE

53 West Milwaukee street. 53



### Our Shoe Department

presents an array of bargains in all kinds of Shoes. We save you 25 cents on the dollar by buying your Shoes from us. Every pair is warranted to you for price and quality.

#### WE OFFER AS A SPECIALTY

100 pairs fine bright Dongola buttoned, hand turned Shoes at \$1.95 a pair  
98 pairs ladies French Dongola hand made Shoes at - - 2.50 a pair  
112 pairs ladies' extra fine French kid and Sewed Shoes at - 3.00 a pair  
84 pairs gents' fine calf skin Shoes in any style at - - 2.00 a pair  
215 pairs child's goat spring heel - the greatest bargain - 50c a pair

Also a bottle of Triple Extract Perfume with each pair of Ladies' Shoes.

An opportunity to anticipate your wants for first class goods at a great saving to you.

## THE BEE HIVE

### S. O. BURNHAM & CO.

JANESVILLE, WIS.



PIANO, REPAIRING NEATLY DONE

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE

12 S. MILWAUKEE STREET, WIS.

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### Marble and Granite

JANESVILLE, WIS.



PIANO, REPAIRING NEATLY DONE

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE

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## LOOK OUT !

FOR OUR

### Offers Next Week,

IN THIS COLUMN ON

## Forest Park,

## Glen-Etta,

## Riverview,

## Riverside

AND

## Spring Brook.

Yours very truly,

Geo. L. & Sarah H.

## CARRINGTON,

On the Bridge.

## CITY IN GREAT PERIL.

Cincinnati Fears a Repetition of the '83 Flood.

### THE OHIO RIVER CONTINUES TO RISE.

Heavy Damage Results from High Water in Indiana and West Virginia—Loss of Life in Missouri and Arizona.

#### THE SITUATION AT CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 23.—At midnight the Ohio river at Cincinnati stood 54 feet and 10 inches above low water and was rising one inch an hour. News from above is that the river is stationary at Pomeroy, but from Point Pleasant at the mouth of the Great Kanawha down the Ohio to Cincinnati the rise is at the rate of an inch an hour. At Portsmouth, O., at 6 o'clock the river was 53 feet and 10 inches and was still rising. The rise below Cincinnati is not correspondingly rapid, as the lower tributaries have not been flooded, though the Kentucky river is pouring out a moderate freshet. Business men here are preparing for a rise of not more than 56 feet and 6 inches. It is expected that the maximum stage will be reached here by 6 o'clock tonight, and that then the river will remain stationary till 6 o'clock on Tuesday night, when it will begin to fall. This is based on the condition of a continuance of the present fair, cool weather. The signal service chart, however, exhibits conditions that are usually followed by rain in the Ohio valley within twenty-four or thirty-six hours. Should heavy rains come to add to this freshet, within thirty-six hours a repetition of the floods of 1883 and 1884 would not be improbable. The Cincinnati Southern railway is receiving passengers at Eighth street and McLean avenue instead of at the central station. The Big Four has to come through water to get to the central station, which is not yet flooded.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 23.—The heavy snow, which was followed by rain, has caused an overflowing of the Missouri river and resulted in a casualty in which five lives were lost. Frederick Warner, a German fisherman, lived on the bank of the river with his wife and three children in a small house. Saturday night the combined rain and high water caused the house to be undermined, and it was thrown into the river with the whole family. The cries of the people roused the neighbors and they rushed to the spot, but were too late to be of assistance. The bodies of Mrs. Warner and two of the children were recovered about a mile below the place where the accident occurred, but Warner and the youngest child were not found, and it is supposed that they were swept further down the stream.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Feb. 23.—Fire broke out Friday night in a warehouse in the submerged districts, caused by the water overflowing some line. It spread rapidly and ten houses, including four warehouses, were destroyed. The estimated loss is over \$40,000. The river is slowly falling and the worst is believed to be over. The heavy rains Saturday night damaged many stores and household goods which were in the street. The city of Riverside, a popular suburb of this city, was swept away proved erroneous. The suburb has not less than 1,000 people and every house is in the water, but the houses and people are safe and well cared for.

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 23.—The falling water in the Ohio showed that the railroads entering here have lost a very large amount of money through damage to tracks, bridges, embankments and rolling stock. The Wheeling & Lake Erie track extending along the west bank of the river from Martin's Ferry to Steubenville, a distance of twenty-five miles, is almost a total wreck and will have to be very largely reconstructed, involving a loss of perhaps \$100,000. The Cleveland & Pittsburgh had one washout over 200 feet long and numerous smaller ones, and the other roads suffer in proportion. The Ohio River will not be able to move trains before Wednesday next.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 23.—News from Pocahontas county is to the effect that a considerable number of people living in the upper part of that county who were cut off from supplies of food by the recent terrible storms are in a destitute condition. The roads cannot be traversed and all available stores of food, general groceries, etc., were soon exhausted, corn meal now being the leading article of consumption. Meager supplies are being brought on horseback over the mountains. It appears to be the only source of supply available. Much suffering and want will inevitably result.

PORTLAND, Ind., Feb. 23.—The rainfall caused a wonderful rise in the Salamon river, and Friday night the major portion of the business section of the city was inundated. Two squares of Meridian street were completely under water, and in the Merchants' hotel it was six inches deep in the office and dining-rooms. Along the river, where are situated a number of saw-mills and factories, the greatest damage was done.

FRANKLIN, Pa., Feb. 23.—Early Saturday morning during a heavy rain-storm a freight train ran into a land-slide on the Alleghany Valley road, near Franklin. The engine and eight cars were dumped over an embankment. Fireman William Teger was killed and Engineer John Day and brakeman L. G. Martin were slightly injured.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Feb. 23.—The body of a boy was taken out of the river at Nineva and brought to the morgue Saturday. This makes the fifth flood victim that was washed up by the recent high water.

TEMPE, A. T., Feb. 23.—Floods in the Salt and Gila rivers have caused \$125,000 damage, chiefly in and near Phoenix. Five Pima Indians were drowned. Gov. Irwin has taken steps to relieve the destitute.

Buckley's Arctic Salvage.  
The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Chapped Skin, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give relief, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by F. B. H. & Co.

IF YOU HAVE SOMETHING TO BE SOLD, SELL THEM ABOUT IT THROUGH THE GAZETTE. YOU CAN'T FIND A MORE SUCCESSFUL SALESMAN.

## A THOUSAND KILLED.

A Bloody Battle Between Egyptian Troops and the Arabs Under Osman Digma—The Latter Rout After Hours of Desperate Fighting—Swords and Bayonets Were the Weapons, and No Quarter Was Given or Asked.

#### AFATITE, Egypt, via Suakim, Feb. 23.

A severe engagement was fought at Tokar on February 19, between the Egyptian troops who recently left El Teb and Osman Digma's forces. Nearly 1,000 lives were lost in the battle which followed the appearance of the Egyptians at Tokar. After seeing that his followers had suffered a disastrous defeat, Osman Digma, accompanied by about thirty horsemen, fled toward Temrin.

The Egyptians made their advance from Afatite during the early dawn of the morning of Thursday last. The enemy was sighted near Tokar, and after an exchange of shots between the skirmishers of the enemy and advance guard of the Egyptians, the latter pushed forward through the brushwood surrounding Tokar and its neighborhood in order to seize the old government building, now little more than a tumble-down ruin, but which forms a strategic point where a force of infantry could hold out against heavy odds. The dervishes, seeing the object of Egyptian advance in that direction, made a rush for the building and surrounded it by a compact mass of Arab riflemen, who poured a hot fire into the ranks of the advancing Egyptians. The latter, however, were not to be checked in their advance, returning the Arabs' fire as they advanced. The Egyptians fixed bayonets when within easy distance of the enemy and bravely charged upon the defenders of the old ruins.

For over an hour a desperate hand to hand, bayonet to spear and sword fight followed, during which the Egyptian troops fought with the most determined bravery. Finally the Egyptian cavalry made a brilliant charge upon the dervishes, who retired in disorder, suffering a crushing defeat. The dervishes numbered at least 2,000 fighting men. About an equal force of Egyptians succeeded in reaching the shelter of the building before the Arabs surrounded them for the attack. After the retreat of the dervishes the troops found over 700 dead around the position mentioned, while large numbers of the dead were lying in the bushes around the buildings. Nearly every Emir of importance who was present at the battle fell upon the field. Osman Digma did not take part in the fight, but watched the progress from a point of vantage near Afatite.

CURRENT EVENTS.  
Sig. Magliani, who was formerly Italian minister of finance, died in Rome Saturday.

Willie Huron, aged 9, was burned to a cinder in the mouth of a coke oven at Pittsburgh Sunday.

Six ore-laden mules were killed in an avalanche near the Little Rube mine in Colorado Saturday.

Jacob Burman, one of the early settlers of Holland, Mich., was buried there Saturday. He was in his 80th year.

An express train struck a team near Wayland crossing, Mass., Sunday and caused the deaths of Daniel Coakley and an unknown companion.

W. P. Kershaw, cashier of the McDonald shoe factory, was sandbagged and robbed of \$1,000 in broad daylight at St. Joseph, Mo., Saturday.

Dr. M. M. Fisher, acting president of the Missouri university, and one of the foremost Latin scholars in the country, died at Columbia, Mo., Friday.

D. A. Bruce, an employee of the Silver Glance mine, Colorado, was tipped from the bucket and fell 125 feet to the bottom of the shaft, and may recover.

Miss Ella Johnson, a servant in Hotel Marvin at Findlay, O., when it was wrecked by a natural gas explosion, wants damages in the sum of \$14,350.

Mayor Duncan, of Burlington, Ia., has sued the Hawkeye for \$10,000 damages for libel. The paper said the mayor was in collusion with the gamblers.

A masked man held up J. D. Broomfield, station agent of the Missouri Pacific at Arizona, Kan., Sunday night and robbed him of \$400 cash of the company's money.

In a revolver fight at a dance Saturday night at Monett, Mo., Tom Hendrick was shot through the heart by James Lane, and a bystander dangerously wounded.

VICTIMS OF THE FLAMES.  
Another Tenement House Horror in Brooklyn—A Two Story Dwelling Destroyed by Fire and Six Inmates Burned to Death.

New York, Feb. 23.—A fire which resulted in the loss of six lives, and which is supposed to have been of incendiary origin, broke out Saturday night in the two story double brick apartment house, 129 and 131 Sands street, Brooklyn. The fire originated in the cellar of the building at 129, near a wooden shaft that was used for the dumb water. There were four families on each of the single floors above the ground floor, or thirty-two families in all, and nearly everybody was at home when at 7:30 o'clock, the roaring of flames was heard in the dumb water flue. There was a panic among the tenants and many ran to the fire escapes, with which the building was fortunately well provided both front and rear. But there was a family on the third floor of the house which was not so fortunate. This was the household of John E. Dorney, a printer employed on the New York Times. Mr. Dorney was not at home, but his wife, their four children, Julia Griffin, a sister of Mrs. Dorney, and Mrs. Dorney's spinster aunt, Margaret Griffin, aged 50 years, were in the rooms. Some of the family escaped by the roof. After the fire had been extinguished firemen found lying on the roof the bodies of Miss Griffin, the elder, and little Daniel Dorney, aged 8 years. They were carried down on ladders. Neither was very much burned, and it was evident that they had met their death from suffocation or fright. Two hours later were those of two adults and two children. The fire was out when they were found, and the firemen discovered them huddled in the small loft leading to the roof stairway. They were Jacob Benedict, aged 70; Edward Benedict, aged 18 months; Mrs. Margaret Dorney and 4-year-old Mamie Dorney. The bodies were taken to the morgue. The damage by fire to the building will not exceed \$4,000.

## HOLDS WINDOM'S SEAT.

Ex-Governor Foster Installed at Washington.

### GIVEN THE TREASURY PORTFOLIO.

The President Also Nominates M. A. Knapp, of New York, as the Successor of Ex-Governor Foster.

#### TWO VACANCIES FILLED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The President has made two important appointments: Ex-Governor Foster, of Ohio, to be Secretary of the Treasury, and M. A. Knapp,



## THE GAZETTE.

**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.**  
Daily edition, one year, \$2.00.  
Parts of a year, per month, .30.  
Weekly edition, one year, \$1.00.  
**SPECIAL ADVERTISING NOTICES.**  
We charge full rates for cards of thanks, obituary notices, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.  
We publish free, marriage, death and obituary notices, without charge, also notices of church and society meetings.  
We publish at half rates church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.  
**THE GAZETTE.**  
Is the best advertising medium in southern Wisconsin, and our rates are based on our circulation, and are cheap when so considered. Price for local or display advertising cheerfully furnished on application.  
**GAZETTE PRINTING CO.**

## 10-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

1622—Birth of Samuel Pepys, author of "Pepys' Diary" and secretary to the admiralty.  
1702—Death of Sir Joshua Reynolds, painter; born 1723.  
1792—Sir Walter Scott at a dinner acknowledged his authorship of the Waverley novels.  
1802—Death of Joanna Baillie, poet and dramatist; born 1762.  
1822—Ancient Roman port on the Adriatic, occupied by the French.  
1842—Revolution and street fighting in Paris.  
1852—Union forces under Gen. Nelson occupied Nashville, Tenn., and in the following March Andrew Johnson was made military governor of the state.

## THE PRICE OF CIGARS.

The Recorder takes The Gazette to task on the price of cigars, and claims that all Key West goods have advanced "from five to twenty dollars per thousand on account of the tariff. If it is any class of people who can afford to support the government, the man who indulges in Key West cigars certainly belongs to this class, and so far as the general public is concerned, there will be no objections raised. But The Gazette has had nothing to say about the price of imported cigars. The people generally, irrespective of party, believe that this class of goods should pay a heavy duty.

The Gazette has stated and will maintain that the increased duty on Somatra, does not increase the price of domestic goods. It serves instead to increase the price of a demand for domestic wares, directly benefiting the grower. Rock county farmers are shrewd in these benefits. If the Recorder desires an expression of sentiment on the tobacco tariff, it should submit the question to them.

## MAY REPLACER CHOICES.

It is but about a dozen years since electricity has been put to much work, and it is not to be presumed that any approach to exhaustion in the discovery of new uses for it will be had any early period. Now, in shops and public places the nickel in the slot will enable the music-lover to take in a pretty fair concert of the efforts of the great musicians by means of the phonograph. There may be some deficiency in the environment and variety of the human voice, but the scientific society will be satisfied. Mrs. Edison recently found that the phonograph would do first-class work for dancing. With a sequent for calling it may, perhaps, be the regulation thing yet for all such excursions. Whether it can be made to do duty for orchestra and church choir is a matter of some speculation. There would be a gain in economy and decorum.

A recent letter from President Harrison to a civil service reform association at Cambridge, Mass., which had appealed to him to extend the reform to the Indian service, is interesting for the high official statement that the personnel of the service is better than ever before. The president also informed the association that the subject of including Indian agency clerks and employees in the classified service had been under consideration before any appeal had been made on the subject, and there is reason to expect a favorable conclusion. The friends of reform are warranted by the assurance of the president in possessing their souls in patience. The administration is evidently not neglecting its duty in this matter.

Omaha Bee—Senator-elect Vilas, is publicly accused of high crimes and misdemeanors. It is charged that he conspired, as an officer of an insurance company, to defraud its patrons, and by means of such money prevented his disbarment from being exposed in court. A detailed record of the conspiracy is to be presented to the United States senate, with a request that Vilas be rejected. Whatever may be the motive of the author, Judge Welch, the facts he presents deserve attention.

According to the Madison Journal the democratic majority in the legislature are making a determined effort to ascertain whether Boss Wall favors the passage of a vote of thanks to the Wisconsin republican war and representatives who so admirably stood up against free coinage of silver, which Boss Wall's legislature has declared to be the correct and proper thing.

Canada's average temperature at this season of the year is no fiction on the elevating tendency in the political mercury. The vigor and warmth of the campaign may be measured by the fact that the contending parties have raised \$2,000,000 to lubricate their respective machines.

The center of population of this country on June 1, 1890, was in Southern Indiana, near Greensburg, and twenty miles east of Columbus. Ten years ago it was eight miles west by south of Cincinnati.

The newboys in St. Louis had influence enough to defeat the anti-entirety bill in the Missouri state senate. It was probably expected that some of them would survive to become voters.

The people of Johnston, Tenn., have the best reason for coming west to grow up with the country. They have another flood in sight.  
Dr. H. Mincer.  
The eye specialist, will be at the Myers House one day only, Friday March 27. Defective vision from congenital or acquired cause, successfully remedied when in the skill of the physician to remedy. Dr. Mincer has devoted his life to this work, and invites those who have had trouble in having the eyes fitted, or all in need of glasses, to investigate his method of remedying defective vision. Call and see him. Consultation and examination free.  
Respectfully,  
Dr. H. Mincer.

## AT REST IN CALVARY.

Burial of General Sherman in St. Louis.

Beautiful Cemetery.

St. Louis, Feb. 21.—Mid the thunder of cannon, the pomp of war and in the presence of the civil and military dignitaries of the land, all that was mortal of Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman was on Saturday consigned to the grave.

It was 8:45 o'clock when the funeral train reached the Union depot. Other trains had arrived loaded to their utmost capacity, and about the Union depot there was a great crush, while between that point and Washington avenue the sidewalks were utterly inadequate to accommodate the crowd, which spread into the street and left only sufficient room for the movements of the troops. Nearly all present wore badges commemorative of the dead hero, a deep stillness prevailed and all were impressed with the solemnity of the occasion.

The casket remained on the train until 10:40 o'clock, when four sergeants of the Seventh cavalry and four non-commissioned officers of the First artillery transferred it from the train to a caisson. The center of interest early in the day was confined to Twelfth street, from the Union depot north to Washington avenue. It was in this broad avenue that the pageant formed. Great bodies moved slowly, and it was 11:20 o'clock when Gen. Wesley Merritt gave the word and the first division moved west. For two miles on Pine street and one mile on Grand avenue the cortege passed through a dense throng of people. So great was the crush that it was found almost impossible to keep the streets sufficiently clear to allow the military to pass.

The division upon which most interest centered was the first, composed of the famous Seventh cavalry, under Col. Forsythe, and the artillery and infantry of the regular army. The grim cannon, with the caisson, fine horses and their perfectly equipped artillerymen, excited scarcely less interest than the cavalry. The recent Indian troubles in the northwest had sharpened public interest, and the troops who had seen service shone resplendent in the eyes of the spectators.

The bugle corps of the Seventh cavalry led the procession, being preceded by a platoon of mounted police, who cleared the way. The regulars were impressive. In equipment, accoutrement and appearance they looked the soldier all over. Gen. Merritt, grand marshal of the procession, and his aides, some twenty officers of the regular army, rode at the head of Custer's cavalry. They wore side arms, heavily bound in black. The thin ranks of companies B and K of the cavalry showed the havoc at Wounded Knee, but the six troops showed 400 men in line. The artillery and infantry passed quickly in view, and then came the caisson on which rested the body of Gen. Sherman.

It was draped in black and relieved with the stars and stripes. Round about the caasket was wrapped an American flag, the folds completely hiding it from view. The sword and chaplain of the general rode behind on the caasket, while just behind the caisson walked a beautiful horse fully equipped in the panoply of war, with cavalry boots reversed in the stirrups. At many points on the line of march the caasket was showered with flowers. The caisson was drawn by four black horses and was surrounded by the guard of honor, Ransom post, G. A. R., of this city, and the survivors of the Thirteenth regiment, U. S. V., Sherman's original regiment.

Sergeant Pat Cagney, of this city, had command of the survivors of Sherman's regiment. There were about a dozen of them and they strode gallantly behind the body of the man who had organized them thirty years ago. The pall-bearers, honorary and active, followed the guard of honor and next came the Sherman family and friends, members of the cabinet, heads of departments, prominent civil officers and retired military officers.

The second division, though less martial in appearance, presented a picture not less impressive. The Royal legion was in the van, followed by the Society of the Army of Tennessee. The Illinois contingent, 100 strong, came first, followed by members of the society from Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado.

The third division consisted of Grand army posts, Sons of veterans and allied orders. The old warriors turned out strong, fully 3,000 being in line. They came from Illinois, Iowa, Kansas and over half from this state.

Behind the Grand army was a small body of men that attracted universal attention. In the center was a banner with the words "Southern Historical Society." It was the ex-confederate society of this city. The members, prominent citizens of St. Louis, marched with bowed heads behind the man who, of all others, did most to overthrow the cause for which they fought and lost.

The fourth division was under command of Gov. Francis and was made up entirely of militia. The Ohio men had no trouble in bearing off the palm for appearance and numbers, the two regiments, the Fourteenth and Seventeenth, numbering over 1,000. Missouri turned out about 500.

Two companies of zouaves, the Missouri judiciary and the Missouri and Illinois legislative representatives formed the rest of the fifth division. The Illinois delegation was headed by Gov. Fisher and staff and the Eighth regiment band. The Wisconsin delegation was the fifth and sixth divisions were getting into line and taking part in an interminable length of time. The number of persons in the procession is estimated at about 10,000.

from the caisson to the bank of the grave. Father Thomas E. Sherman retired to the shelter of an adjacent tomb just within the circle of blue-coated soldiers who held the crowd in check. He hurriedly donned his priestly vestments and, prayer book in hand, returned to the head of the caisson. The other members of the family were gathered in a semi-circle. When the bearers placed the caasket on the supports above the grave the bugles blew a call and the band played the first few bars of Pleyel's hymn. As the sound died away Father Sherman removed his hat and opening his prayer book began the service of the Catholic church. The relatives and friends of the family and the guests gathered in a close group about the grave and stood with heads uncovered and reverently bowed as Father Sherman read in Latin and English the impressive prayers for the repose of the soul of the dead. When the service began the battalion of cavalry stood at present arms facing the little group about the grave. In the midst of the service a hoarse and most sensational command: "Carry arms—order arms" in quick succession, and the sharp click of the musket barrel and the ring of the butt as it struck the ground gave singularly impressive accentuation to the solemn words of the young priest. Father Sherman concluded with the invocation: "May his soul and the souls of all the faithful departed rest in peace. Amen!"

In the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost. Amen!" As the last words were being uttered the undertaker's assistants seized the straps, removed the supports from the caisson and quickly lowered it into the open grave. Then two of them sprang to the top of the pile of earth which stood at the side of the grave while the others attacked it from the bottom, and with long-handled spades they quickly filled in the earth above the coffin. Then, in quick succession, three volleys rang out over the grave and echoed from the surrounding hills. Three salvos from the artillery, which was stationed outside the cemetery, followed, and the funeral ceremonies of the last of the great union captains was over.

## DICKERSON WILL DIE.

The sacrifice of his brother Masons of St. Louis.

No Avail—He Lacks Sufficient Vitality to Endure the Strain Upon His System.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—John O. Dickerson, a patient at the Emergency hospital, upon whom the experiment of engraving 144 square inches of human cuticle was performed Sunday, January 18, is dying. The self-sacrifice of 200 fellow Knights of St. Bernard Commandery, each of whom contributed his mite of skin, and the skill of Dr. Fenger and his assistants have availed him nothing. The experiment was apparently a success, the new skin seemed to have become part of the flesh, but his system could not stand the demands made upon it and he is gradually wasting away. The different operations to which he has been subjected had necessitated the use of chloroform and other drugs to a large extent. His stomach was unequal to the demands made upon it, and for weeks he has been able to take little nourishment of any kind. The patient has been unable to speak. He apparently has some consciousness of what is going on in the room, and many of his fellow-members think he has recognized them, but he has made no sign. He lies almost in a stupor and perfectly helpless.

## Pennsylvania is Grateful.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 23.—A joint resolution has been adopted by the Legislature rendering the thanks of the commonwealth to all collectors, treasurers and committees of funds for the relief of Johnstown and surrounding towns, to all contributors of money, food and clothing, and especially the men and women who have given their personal services to the stricken people, enduring hardships and endangering their health.

## Death of a Journalist.

New York, Feb. 23.—Col. Thomas Picton, one of the oldest journalists of this city, died. He was once cashier of the Nassau bank and a very prominent free mason. He was nearly 80 years of age.

## Democrats Gain a Congressman.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 23.—The election for congress in the Second district Saturday resulted in the success of Page (Dem.), who has about 5,800 majority.

## \$100,000 Award \$100.

The readers of The Gazette will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundations of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CLEMENT & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

## Half Rates to Oshkosh.

For the State Encampment G. A. R. at Oshkosh, the Chicago & North-western Railway Company, will, from March 10 to 13, inclusive, sell excursion tickets to Oshkosh and return at half rates, one fare for the round trip, tickets good for return passage until and including March 14. For further information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

## The Parent of Insomnia.

The parent of insomnia or wakefulness is in nine cases out of ten a dyspeptic stomach. Good digestion gives sound sleep, indigestion interferes with it. The brain and stomach sympathize. One of the prominent symptoms of a weak state of the gastric organs is a disturbance of the great nerve center, the brain. Invigorate the stomach, and you restore equilibrium to the great center. A most reliable medicine for the purpose is Fowler's Stomach Bitters, which is far preferable to mineral sedatives and powerful narcotics which, though they may for a time exert a soporific influence upon the brain, soon cease to act, and invariably injure the tone of the stomach. The Bitters, on the contrary, restore activity to the operations of that important organ, and their beneficial influence is reflected in sound sleep and a tranquil state of the nervous system. A wholesome impetus is likewise given to the action of the liver and bowels by its use.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.  
When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria.  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

## THE BASEBALL WAR.

The National Board Outlines the American Association and Proclaims its Players Free of Contract and Reservation.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—More baseball history was made at the Auditorium hotel in two hours Saturday than was ever possible in the same length of time before. The national board met in an extraordinary session, pursuant to Chairman Thurman's call. As a result of its brief deliberations the American association was practically expelled from enjoyment of the benefits to be derived from the national agreement. Allen W. Thurman was vindicated in his position toward the seceding organization and unanimously selected chairman. All association players are declared free to jump their contracts and sign with national agreement clubs, having been released from reservation and their contracts annulled; all members of the league and western association were barred from playing games with any of the "guerrilla" clubs or any teams which had played with such clubs, and were given notice of all the indications at night were that a new American association, supplanting the revolutionists, would be granted the privileges and protection of the national agreement.

## IN CONGRESS.

The Senate Still Discussing the Nicaragua Canal Bill—House Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The sundry civil appropriation bill was reported to the senate Saturday by Senator Allison (La.) who gave notice that immediately after the current morning business of Monday he would ask the senate to consider it. The Nicaragua canal bill was discussed, but went over without action. The conference report on the naval appropriation bill was agreed to. The house passed the bill providing that the salaries of the several judges of the district courts of the United States shall be at the rate of \$5,000 per annum.

## Fatal Flames.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 23.—The home of Rollif Sanderson in the town of Terry, twenty miles southwest of Madison, was burned Friday. It was occupied by Marcus Holmquist and his family. The oldest child was cremated and another has since died from its injuries, while the mother, who rushed into the fire for her little ones, has become blind from the effects of the fire.

## Seven Men Drowned.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Great Eastern Railway Company's channel mail steamer which plies between Harwich and Rotterdam collided with the steamer Queen in the North Sea. The latter vessel sank immediately and notwithstanding the efforts of the officers and crew of the mail steamer, seven of the crew of the Queen were drowned.

## Warden Berggren to Leave Joliet.

JOLIET, Ill., Feb. 23.—Warden Berggren, of the Joliet penitentiary, has been tendered the presidency of the Covenant Mutual Benefit Association, I. O. O. F., with headquarters at Galesburg, at a salary of \$5,000 per year. An interview with the warden confirms this statement, and that he will accept the flattering offer.

## He Must Die.

OTTAWA, Ill., Feb. 23.—Judge Stipp has refused to grant a new trial for Charles Ford, who is under sentence of death for the murder of David Moore.

## THE MARKETS.

Grain, Provisions, Etc.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.  
FLOUR—Quiet and lower. Spring Wheat patents, \$4.00; 25; Bakers', \$3.95; 25; White Wheat Flour, \$4.00; 25; Patents, \$4.40; 25; for Clear.

WHEAT—Ruled steady and firm. No. 2 cash, 91¢; 25; No. 2, 90¢; 25; No. 3, 89¢; 25; No. 4, 88¢; 25; No. 5, 87¢; 25; No. 6, 86¢; 25; No. 7, 85¢; 25; No. 8, 84¢; 25; No. 9, 83¢; 25; No. 10, 82¢; 25; No. 11, 81¢; 25; No. 12, 80¢; 25; No. 13, 79¢; 25; No. 14, 78¢; 25; No. 15, 77¢; 25; No. 16, 76¢; 25; No. 17, 75¢; 25; No. 18, 74¢; 25; No. 19, 73¢; 25; No. 20, 72¢; 25; No. 21, 71¢; 25; No. 22, 70¢; 25; No. 23, 69¢; 25; No. 24, 68¢; 25; No. 25, 67¢; 25; No. 26, 66¢; 25; No. 27, 65¢; 25; No. 28, 64¢; 25; No. 29, 63¢; 25; No. 30, 62¢; 25; No. 31, 61¢; 25; No. 32, 60¢; 25; No. 33, 59¢; 25; No. 34, 58¢; 25; No. 35, 57¢; 25; No. 36, 56¢; 25; No. 37, 55¢; 25; No. 38, 54¢; 25; No. 39, 53¢; 25; No. 40, 52¢; 25; No. 41, 51¢; 25; No. 42, 50¢; 25; No. 43, 49¢; 25; No. 44, 48¢; 25; No. 45, 47¢; 25; No. 46, 46¢; 25; No. 47, 45¢; 25; No. 48, 44¢; 25; No. 49, 43¢; 25; No. 50, 42¢; 25; No. 51, 41¢; 25; No. 52, 40¢; 25; No. 53, 39¢; 25; No. 54, 38¢; 25; No. 55, 37¢; 25; No. 56, 36¢; 25; No. 57, 35¢; 25; No. 58, 34¢; 25; No. 59, 33¢; 25; No. 60, 32¢; 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## TO BATTLE WITH RUM

## Demonstration at the Union Meeting

## A STANDING VOTE TAKEN

Many Favor a Platform Proposed by Rev. Dr. Eaton—Others Insist That It Would Simply Give Saloon Interests the Upper Hand.

"Who will join in this stand against the saloon?" Eight hundred rose to their feet in answer.

It was at the union temperance meeting last evening that this vote was taken. It closed a discussion of the saloon question and showed a decidedly strong favoring some definite action at the coming election. The attendance at the meeting was unusually large. No seats were to be had after 7 o'clock and many people were turned away. Rev. S. P. Miller, who was the first speaker, took for his topic "The Present Condition."

"A year ago," he said, "it was determined that there be advantage taken of the new law and that the people take a turn at the ballot box. It was said that we would be, as the expression goes, 'showed under.' We preferred to die under the new law than to be shown under the flow of liquor. Eight hundred votes were cast for no license and the number surprised everybody. Some of the ladies took a humble position through the city asking that the common council license no more than one saloon to a certain number of people. It would not have reduced the number of saloons to less than twenty-five. The petition was not granted, but it was said that there would be strict regulations. The mayor refused to grant a license to a saloon unless he took a double one, which amounted to a mild form of high license. It was said that this would reduce the number of saloons and compel the keepers to keep within the law or have their license revoked. Well, friends of temperance regretted this state of affairs very much, but hoped for the best. They hoped that the number of saloons would be cut down. We see what the effect has been. Instead of twenty-five—a great supply—we have forty-three saloons. Each of the forty-three is double—a license for wholesale and for retail. Instead of fifty—which was disgraced enough—we have eighty-six licenses issued, and only one was refused by the authorities."

Examples of liquor selling to habitual drunkards and to minors were pointed out as proof that the laws were constantly violated.

"The law is a dead letter," continued the speaker; "who will say that it has been enforced? But it is not simply the fact that there are forty-three saloons of hell, it is the fact that we see them everywhere. How much afraid our business men are. How much afraid our politicians are. They shiver like something happen to hurt their trade or their party. The saloons control the city of Janesville today by reason of the men who are interested in them one way or another."

The effect of saloon rule, Mr. Wilder insisted was to be seen in a lowering of moral standard.

"It was a highly moral exhibition this rat killing," he said, "you wanted to train the dogs." Paraphrase. But didn't you want to train the dogs more? And yet, when our own organized humane societies thought to interfere with a brutal exhibition, men were angered and said the merchants would be boycotted! God pity the people of Janesville if we have to endure this thing."

When Mr. Wilder finished speaking Dr. E. L. Eaton took the platform, talking for his subject "Some Remedies and Measures to Prevent."

"It is no nonsense to say that we must submit," he said. "The supreme court, by unanimous vote have swept that idea away. It has ruled that no saloon can exist in this country without positive legislation authorizing it. We have the power to crush the saloon if we will use it. But this reform or any reform must come through a party which has that reform as its basic principle."

Mr. Eaton made the plan that in the coming spring campaign the restriction of the saloons could be secured only by electing a mayor pledged to a definite course and possessing backbone enough to see that his pledge was executed. He offered the following declaration:

When the proper time shall come, we are in favor of calling a convention of the voters of Janesville, irrespective of party affiliations, to nominate candidates for city officers to be voted for at the ensuing election, and the provisions of the law in that case strictly and rigidly enforced; but:

1. If a majority of the voters of this city shall not be in favor of granting licenses, then no license shall be granted, and the provisions of the law in that case strictly and rigidly enforced; but:

2. If a majority of the voters in this city shall be in favor of granting licenses, then no license shall be granted, and the provisions of the law in that case strictly and rigidly enforced; but:

3. All city ordinances and state laws for the regulation of the saloons shall be strictly and rigidly enforced.

4. The law intended for the protection of children and minors; and those for the prevention of cruelty to animals shall be strictly and rigidly enforced.

When the reading ended, a large portion of the congregation rose to their feet to a token of endorsement. As to the adopting of restrictive measures against the saloons, the meeting was unanimous, but many did not join in the vote, being in doubt as to whether the proposition would be most likely to bring good results.

## TO-MORROW'S WEATHER.

Forecast for Janesville and vicinity—Stormy with higher temperature. The temperature as observed by E. E. Heimstreet during the last twenty-four hours was as follows:

At 7 a. m. 30. Maximum 48. At 1 p. m. 48. Minimum 19.

## QUAIL IN ROCK COUNTY.

A Law That Will Make Their Propagation Possible.

A bill has been introduced to the assembly to provide for the protection of quail in Walworth, Rock and Jefferson counties until September 1, 1894. Janesville sportsmen contend that if this bill becomes a law there will be a chance to stock the county with quail. The county is well adapted for the birds and a few years ago a "Bob White" was a familiar sound in the county. It is no longer, however and only by means of thorough protection can sportsmen secure an opportunity to shoot another quail in Rock county.

## MANY PLANS TO PICK FROM.

Members of the School Board Receive Numerous Proposals.

The board of education will hold a special meeting this evening at the city clerk's office for the purpose of considering the plans submitted for the proposed new school houses. Besides the plans submitted by Janesville architects, the board has received one from Madison, one from Milwaukee, and one from Cincinnati. The Cincinnati plan is by far the most elaborate, and the detailed drawings, viewed by one not acquainted with such work, would indicate that it would require a much larger sum than proposed to complete it. The Milwaukee firm submit a very neat plan for a four room two-story building. The board will probably come to some conclusion this evening.

## CAN THE COUNCIL MEET.

Considerable Work Laid Out for To-Night's Meeting.

It is somewhat doubtful if the council holds a meeting this evening. Heretofore it has been ruled that business transacted on a legal holiday would not be legal, and on several occasions the council has refrained from transacting business. There is considerable important business to be considered. The most difficult problem will be the Maclean coal contract. The question of purchasing hose will also be on the front. The bridge question will not come up for two weeks, unless the council considers its former action regarding specifications, and allows bids to be presented for other patterns. The special committee on sewer plans are likely to be ready with their report. This with the regular routine business, will occupy the aldermen for some little time should they assemble.

## BRIEF LOCAL MENTION.

Shen & Sons will open a branch establishment at Beloit.

J. E. Addy visited Beloit to-day in the interest of the Hansen Furniture Company.

Cal Broughton has been signed to play with the state university ball nine this year.

The Chicago & Northwestern pay car visited Janesville at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon.

William Payne and Mrs. M. B. Leavitt leave for Florida to-morrow morning at 7 o'clock.

J. M. Hanabett, of Chicago, is in the city visiting his daughter, Mrs. C. S. Jackson.

Miss Florence Hart entertained the Second ward Tiddlers' Wink club Saturday evening.

A little daughter has come to brighten the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Brooke, 53 Rice street.

Arthur Babau's farce, "Under the Gas Light," is booked at the Myers for Saturday, March 7.

Mrs. E. H. Hayward and daughters Blanche and Edith, attended a wedding at Baraboo Saturday.

Theodore Conant, of St. Louis, spent to-day in the city visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Conant.

Mrs. David E. Field is suffering from a severe fall which resulted in breaking both bones of her left wrist.

Reports from Chicago are that Fred F. Woodruff's venture in the restaurant business has proved very successful.

Captain and Mrs. Edward Roger returned to Denver this morning, after a brief visit with Janesville friends and relatives.

The Luttman and Swedish Sextette is by far the most perfect musical organization that the country has produced—*Swedish Dagbladet*.

W. E. Gledstone writes: "I listened with great pleasure to the exquisite rendition of the most difficult pieces by the Swedish Sextette last evening."

The republican city and ward committees will meet at the Myers House parlors at 7:30 to-morrow evening. Every member is requested to be present.

Ten stores lately occupied by Shen & Sons, next to the postoffice, best location in the city, is offered for rent. Enquire of Shen & Sons, directly across the street, 1st floor upstairs.

The Swedish Male Sextette at the Congregational church to-morrow evening, under the auspices of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Congregational church.

J. M. Bostwick & Sons, dry goods merchants, have one of their large show windows appropriately draped in American colors to-day, reminding the busy world that this is a legal United States holiday.

A rare treat in the musical line is promised to all who attend the concert to be given by the Luttman Sextette to-morrow evening. One price for admission. Secure your seats early before they are taken.

Officer Smith quelled a small disturbance on West Milwaukee street Saturday evening. One man wanted to be taken out, but when Officer Smith appeared upon the scene he changed his mind.

Stores may come, and stores may go. But we go on forever—SELLING GROCERIES. Why? Because I advertise, and give you just what I agree to. I want your cash. My "annual" sale is larger this season than ever. Get my prices on all groceries. FRED VAN KIRK, West Milwaukee street.

Dr. Joseph Braden, who for many years has practiced medicine at Footville, has removed to Waubesa and opened an office. The doctor is a genial gentleman and a thorough practitioner, and has many friends in Rock county who wish him in cases.

For Constipation, Sick or Bilious Headache, use Dr. Pierce's Peppermint and Bitters granules. Purely Vegetable and perfectly harmless. One dose.

## WANT THE MAYOR PAID

## Change Suggested in Janesville's Charter.

## SALARY FOR THE COUNCIL.

Ex-Aldermen and City Officers Express Their Views on the Proposed Amendment—Some Indorsing, While Others Disapprove.

Word comes from Madison that Janesville's city charter may be amended that the mayor and aldermen be paid a fixed salary—the mayor five hundred dollars and the aldermen one hundred and fifty each. The proposition has many advocates as well as many opponents. A Gazette reporter took occasion to ascertain the views of a number of leading men on this subject.

Hon. James Sutherland—It is a good proposition to increase taxation. As long as we can secure the services of good men without any to fill these positions, I see no reason for advocating such a course.

Hon. Cyrus Miner—The officials should be paid for their work, and I am rather of the opinion such an amendment would be a good one to adopt.

I. O. Brownell—Perhaps one hundred and fifty dollars is more than the services of some aldermen are worth; yet I believe it is right to pay for such services.

Ex-Alderman J. A. Fethers—I think the proposition is a good one. It ought to meet with the approval of all.

Ex-Alderman S. C. Burnham—I can't see why an alderman or the mayor should be compelled to do work for the city without compensation. There is a good deal of work in connection with these offices, and the city is abundantly able to pay for it.

Dr. O. L. Clark—I have not given the subject sufficient thought to express an opinion for publication, but I should think such service should be paid for.

Ex-Alderman J. P. Baker—There are always a lot of men who are anxious to be elected to these places without salary. As long as the services of good men can be secured, there is no necessity of paying for it.

Ex-Alderman David Davies—I have not heard of the amendment, but I believe the aldermen and mayor should be paid something for their services. If the work is worth doing there is no valid reason why the city should not pay for it.

J. A. Denniston—Why, according to ex-Alderman Potter, all aldermen get their pay in advance—in installments of personal abuse. Some aldermen may not be deserving of pay, but I believe the salary should be paid, and then place a fine on every alderman who neglects his duty.

H. B. Woodruff—I don't think much of the amendment. We have never experienced any difficulty in getting plenty of men to serve in these offices—in fact there is a general scramble for them every year, and with a few exceptions we generally get very good men. I think if there was a salary attached to these offices, more candidates would be in the field for places for the sake of the little pay and there would be more trouble than now.

## LOCAL CHURCH NOTES.

Rinks of men with balding of red, white and blue filled the body of Court Street church at the Sunday morning service. The regalia was that of the Patriotic Order of Sons of America, who marched forty strong to commemorate Washington's birthday. Their colors formed a background as well, for the pastor and served as a framing for the portrait of him in whose memory the services of the day were held. Choir and pulpit platforms were bright with flags, and the ring of patriotism that ran through Rev. Dr. Eaton's sermon was in keeping with its surroundings. Nearly eight hundred people listened to the discourse, the church being filled body and gallery.

Three hundred sermons and nine hundred conversions was the record that Rev. M. Evans called to mind as he stood in the pulpit yesterday. The day ended his quarter century as a pastor and marked as well the ending of his forty-eight years.

Mrs. Mary C. Nide will address three interested in mission work at the lecture room of Court Street church to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. The afternoon will be devoted to a bible reading on "Good Things of the Word."

Three musicians of tender years, "the little Vernon brothers," will appear at the Congregational church Friday evening, their concert being given for the benefit of the Young Men's Christian League. The little people are now in their second season, and in April will retire from the platform to spend several years in musical studies in this country and France. Their home is in Oskos, Iowa, where they have been known since their earliest years as "musical prodigies."

A further discussion of the saloon question and the action to be taken upon it is promised at the ministers' meeting to be held Wednesday at the home of Rev. M. Evans. Plans for the Milwaukee meetings will also be discussed.

President W. O. Whitford, of Milton college, occupied the pulpit of the Baptist church Sunday morning. His subject was "Man shall not live by bread alone but by every word that proceedeth from the mouth of God." His sermon was listened to by a large congregation.

The churches are perfecting a thorough organization for the union meeting to be held the first of June, under the lead of the evangelist, Rev. B. Fay Mills. The following committees have been appointed in the hope and expectation of making the strongest and most general effort ever made in our city to reach the whole population with religious influences and appeals.

General Committee—The several pastors, and Elders Blair and Soverhill from the Presbyterian of north; and Deacon W.

Kelly and N. Dearborn and Dr. S. H. Gies from the First M. E. church; A. J. Ray and A. Phelps, from the Court Street church; and Deacons James Sutherland and J. T. Wright, from the Congregational church.

Executive Committee—The pastors and Dr. Barrows, Dr. Gish, A. H. Loucks, W. Kelley, J. A. Cunningham, Committee on Finance—B. F. Danwidde, W. J. Cannon, F. S. Eldred, S. D. Conant, L. J. Barrow.

Committee on Advertising—F. D. Jackson, A. F. Hall, M. H. Soverhill, H. F. Bies, J. A. Caniff.

Committee on Conveyancing—Samuel Gowdy, C. N. Frink, J. T. Wright, E. A. Shattuck, S. C. Burnham.

Committee on Music—W. G. Palmer, Nicholas Smith, A. Crawford, I. A. Whiffin, Dr. O. G. Bennett.

Committee on Ushers—John Gowdy, S. E. Phillips, M. E. Northrop, Peter DeGroot, Percy Bonsteel.

Dr. Hodge is chairman and Mr. Wilder secretary of the general and executive committees.

The quiet and conservative methods of Mr. Mills, his genuine manliness in spirit and utterances, commend him to the thoughtful people; while his remarkable success in many of the large cities of the country makes his coming here to be anticipated with the greatest interest.

## MORTUARY.

Mrs. W. H. Maine.

The death of Mrs. W. H. Maine, which occurred at her home in Dubuque, Iowa, on Saturday evening, will be a surprise to her many friends in this city, many of whom were not aware of her illness. She had been suffering for some time with consumption, but the end came rather unexpectedly. She leaves besides her husband, one child, a babe only a little over a year old. Mrs. Maine was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wright, Park street, Fourth ward, and the most of her life was spent in Janesville. Her remains arrived in this city from Dubuque this morning, and were taken from the cars to the home of Mr. Wright. Funeral services will be held at the home to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, and the interment will be made in Oak Hill cemetery. The services will be conducted by Rev. M. Evans.

Mrs. John Tierney.

Mrs. John Tierney was buried in the Edgerton cemetery this afternoon, funeral services being held at St. Mary's church, in that city, at 11:30 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Tierney died at her home in the town of Porter on Saturday evening, of heart disease, aged sixty-five years. She leaves a family of four children—two sons and two daughters. Her husband died some four years ago.

Edwin Howell.

J. W. Sals received a dispatch this morning announcing the death of Edwin Howell, at the home of his daughter in New York City, yesterday morning. Mr. Howell was for a good many years a resident of this city and his remains will be brought here for interment at Oak Hill. It is not yet definitely known when the remains will arrive.

## BRIEF TALES OF THE TOWN.

Ladies of Ripe Age.

In honor of her mother, Mrs. A. S. Baldwin, of DeKalb, Illinois, Mrs. T. B. Lee took occasion Saturday to invite in a number of elderly ladies in her immediate neighborhood to spend the afternoon, those present being Mrs. J. B. Hume, Mrs. S. Morris, Mrs. H. Fisher, Mrs. E. M. Giles, Mrs. Helen Edgar, Mrs. Clark, Mrs. F. Clark, Mrs. E. Seales and Mrs. E. Bates. Mrs. Baldwin was the oldest, being eighty-four, but the average age of the ladies was seventy-three years, the ages ranging from eighty-four to fifty-seven years and the combined ages being seven hundred and thirty-one years.

Battery Men Are Angry.

Adjutant General Doe denies the statement made by members of the Light Battery that he was responsible for the defeat of the appropriation. It is understood that a very spirited interview took place between the adjutant general and a member of the battery when the fate of the bill was made known. "General Doe may not be responsible for the military committee's report," said a battery man to-day, "but he knows one thing—that the battery think that he is responsible for it."

Tolled for Washington.

A number of United States flags are flying in the breeze to-day. Janitor Hill, of the Jefferson school building, gave evidence of his patriotism and loyalty, by vigorously ringing the bell for half an hour this morning. It would have been very appropriate had every bell in the city chimed in the grand chorus.

Jim Collins an Editor.

"Jim" Collins, the famous printer, has gone into the newspaper business down in Colorado.

IN AND ABOUT OLD ROCK.

Green Bay postmen's salaries have been advanced to \$200 per year.

An Appleton lady was found eating an electric light bulb with much gusto.

Rev. J. B. Bard's has resigned the pastorate of the Anglo Methodist church and will talk fire insurance.

Mrs. Christiana Warner, of Koshkonong died from blood poisoning contracted by paring a corn with a razor.

TO-NIGHT'S PROGRAMME.

The common council at the city hall. The board of education, at the city clerk's office.

Janesville Lodge No. 55, F. and A. M. at Masonic hall.

Washington Camp No. 1, Patriotic Order of Sons of America at Liberty hall.

Badger Council No. 223, Royal Arcanum, at lodge room in Court Street at E. church block.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idaville, writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from kidney and liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best kidney and liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for me, who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite, and felt just like he had a new life. Only 50 cents a bottle, at F. Sherer & Co's drugstore."

## A RELIC OF WAR TIMES.

## How "Sergeant T. T. Croft" Spent Feb. 22, 1865

## ONE OF SHERMAN'S ORDERS.

It Announces the Promotion of the Janesville Artillery Man, While Another Document Speaks of His Services as an Instructor.

County Clerk Croft was hunting through some old papers yesterday when he ran across one that caused him to jump.

"By lightning," quoth he, "I wonder how I came to lose track of this?"

The old paper was unfolded and read. It caused strange memories to float through the county clerk's mind. It made him think of the days when he "marched to the sea" clad in blue uniform. Some people will say "Tom" never marched as he was in the artillery and rode on a gun carriage, but they will be interested nevertheless in the paper which was as follows:

"At a meeting of the members composing a volunteer detachment organized for the purpose of serving a section of light artillery in firing a national salute in honor of Washington's birthday at Forsyth Park, Savannah, Georgia, February 22, 1865, the following gentlemen were present:

Lieutenant Colonel R. P. York, Provost marshal District of Savannah, commanding detachment.

Captain J. E. Thumme, A. A. D. O.; General Staff, chief of first platoon.

Captain J. P. Baker, First United States Cavalry, A. A. I. G., General Groves' staff, chief of second platoon.

First Platoon—Lieut. W. S. Stevens, Third Mass. Cavalry, A. A. I. G., General Groves' staff, chief of first platoon.

Captain C. B. Weston, Provost marshal, General Groves' staff No. 2; Lieutenant J. B. Miller, assistant department ordnance officer, M. D. M. No. 3; Lieutenant E. G. Hike, A. A. I. G., General Groves' staff No. 4; Lieutenant E. Bishop, A. A. D. O., General Groves' staff No. 5; Lieutenant G. F. Wilbur, A. A. D. O. Third Brigade, second division, 19 A. O. No. 6.

Second Platoon—Lieutenant T. J. Spencer, commanding depot, and several Savannah No. 1; Captain G. H. Husey, commanding special provost guard No. 2; Captain E. A. Farnham, A. A. I. G., General Groves' staff No. 3; Captain William B. Han, A. A. I. G., General Groves' staff No. 4; Lieutenant J. H. Charlott, assistant post quartermaster No. 5; Captain T. E. Standeek, A. A. I. G., General Groves' staff No. 6; Lieutenant G. F. Wilbur, A. A. D. O. Third Brigade, second division, 19 A. O. No. 6. It was unanimously resolved.

Resolved, That the thanks of each member be tendered to Ordinance Sergeant Thomas T. Croft, for the efficient manner in which he performed the duties of instructor for the detachment in light artillery drill and that the same be presented through the chairman of the meeting.

ROBERT P. YORK, Lieut. Col. Seventy-fifth New York Veteran Volunteers.

To Sergeant Thomas T. Croft, Ord. Sergeant Savannah Arsenal, Ga.

How Croft became ordnance sergeant in charge of the government arsenal and ordnance depot, will be seen in the following:

EDG. MILL, DIR. OF THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY, GA., Dec. 21, 1864.

Special Field Orders Number 144: EAST.

The following named non-commissioned officers and privates are hereby detailed for duty in the ordnance department, and will report without delay to Lieutenant Spencer, depot ordnance officer, for duty:

SERGEANT THOMAS T. CROFT, 12th Wisconsin Battery Volunteers.

By order of Major-General W. T. Sherman.

L. M. DARTON, Aid-de-Camp.

The paper is of peculiar interest just at this time, being found as it was a few days after the death of the only survivor of the "Old Commander," Mr. Croft values it highly and will he may.

## LEAF MEN KEPT BUSY.

Local Warehousemen Give Proof of Much Activity.

The past week has been a week of great activity in and around the tobacco warehouses in this city. Tobacco growers delivered large quantities of tobacco and the streets in the neighborhoods of the warehouses were the liveliest in the city. The sorting rooms are also busy places just now, and will continue to be for the coming six weeks or two months.

Sales of seed leaf tobacco reported by J. B. Gans' Son, tobacco broker, No. 131, West Water street, New York, for the week ending February 23, are:

900 cases, crop of 1889, Wisconsin Havana, at 94 and 10 cents.

275 cases, crop of 1889, Pennsylvania Seed, at 10 and 12 cents.

110 cases, crop of 1888, Pennsylvania Seed, p. t. 10c.

150 cases, crop of 1889, New England Havana, at 14 to 15 cents.

100 cases, crop of 1889, State Havana, at 16 to 17 cents.

10 cases, sundries, at 7 to 25 cents.

Total, 1658 cases.

## NEW UNIFORMS IN SIGHT.

Adjutant General Doe Working to Rent the State Militia.

Adjutant General Doe will earn the thanks of militia men if he carries out the idea he has regarding the state uniforms. General Doe differs with his predecessor on the question of the appropriation for the militia—whether it is an annual or biennial appropriation. General Barboord held that it was a biennial appropriation and the \$9,500 set aside for the militia was spread over two years, but General Doe takes an opposite position.

"The law is explicit on the point," he said, "it is certainly an annual appropriation."

"Will you be able to give the boys new uniforms?"

"Yes. We intend to give them new uniforms. We will not get a special appropriation for it; we are going to make the appropriation go farther than it ever went before."

Never give up the ship. Dr. Ball's Ointment says to you, it is his doing others. Price 25 cts.

Dr. Collier.

Announce to the public that he has received from New York a large stock of imported eye glasses, spectacles and lenses and artificial glass eyes. He is prepared to fit any case with glasses or artificial eyes; he handles the best lenses; examines the eyes with the ophthalmoscope, and can tell in a moment whether the weakness of sight comes from disease or errors of refraction. His charges are very reasonable, and he guarantees a perfecting or no charge.

Get our prices on baby carriages.

SPoon & SNYDER.

## GOOD WATER LIES DEEP.